



# **ULTRAprime and Craftwood** - Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)

Our range of Craftwood mouldings is also manufactured in ULTRAprimed MDF. We simply differentiate the name of the ranges to avoid confusion with different profiles. Both are MDF (Medium Density Fibreboard) Primed.

# **Certification & Compliance**

Ultraprime is designed and manufactured to the Australian Standards for moisture resistance (AS/NZS 1859.2:2004) and complies with the E0 (E zero) Australian standards for formaldehyde emission for MDF. ULTRAprime MDF substrate is independently tested by the Engineered Wood Products Association of Australasia.

Product name ULTRAprime® MDF Mouldings & Architraves

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Supplier Name** Borg Manufacturing

Address 2 Wella Waty, Somersby NSW 2250

 Telephone
 1300 500 250

 Fax
 1300 500 255

 Emergency
 1300 500 250

 Email
 sales@borg.com.au

Synonym(s) ULTRAprime® MDF Mouldings & Architraves • ULTRAprime® Mouldings & Architraves •

ULTRAprime® Mouldings • ULTRAprime® Architraves • ULTRAprime® •

Use(s) BUILDING BOARD • CABINETS • DOOR FACINGS • FURNITURE

**MSDS Date** 26 Aug 2009

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO ASCC CRITERIA

#### NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN No. None Allocated DG Class None Allocated Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated

Packing Group None Allocated Hazchem Code None Allocated EPG None Allocated

#### 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Ingredient                       | Formula           | CAS No        | Content  |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------|
| PARAFFIN WAX                     | Not Available     | 8002-74-2     | <2%      |
| 2-OCTYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE     | C11-H19-N-O-S     | 26530-20-1    | <0.02%   |
| AMMONIA                          | N-H3              | 7664-41-7     | <0.02%   |
| SILICA, CRYSTALLINE - QUARTZ     | Si-02             | 14808-60-7    | <0.02%   |
| SOFTWOOD(S)                      | Not Available     | Not Available | >60%     |
| MELAMINE/UREA/FORMALDEHYDE RESIN | Not Available     | 25036-13-9    | <20%     |
| MOISTURE                         | H2-O              | Not Available | 5-13%    |
| KAOLIN                           | H2-Al2-Si2-O8.H2O | 1332-58-7     | 0.2-0.5% |

| LIMESTONE                           | Ca-CO3         | 1317-65-3  | 0.2-0.5%  |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|------------|-----------|
| TALC                                | H2-03-Si.3/4Mg | 14807-96-6 | 0.2-0.5%  |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL (PROPANE-1,2-DIOL) | C3-H8-O2       | 57-55-6    | 0.05-0.2% |
| TITANIUM DIOXIDE                    | Ti-02          | 13463-67-7 | 0.05-0.2% |
| CHROMIUM (III) OXIDE                | Cr2-O3         | 1308-38-9  | <0.02%    |

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye** If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue

flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15

minutes.

**Inhalation** If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

**Skin** If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with

running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information

Centre or a doctor.

**Ingestion** For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at

once). Due to product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

**Advice to Doctor** Treat symptomatically

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Flammability** Combustible. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, ammonia, formaldehyde,

hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. May also evolve hydrogen cyanide when heated

to decomposition.

Fire and Explosion

Dry wood dust in high concentrations-in-air and at the temperatures > 204°C ( >40g of dust per m3 of air) may spontaneously explode. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when

combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

**Extinguishing** Dry wood dust in high concentrations-in-air and at the temperatures > 204°C (>40g of dust per

m3 of air) may spontaneously explode. Dry agent, carbon dioxide, foam or water fog. Prevent

contamination of drains or waterways.

Hazchem Code None Allocated

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Spillage** If spilt, collect and reuse where possible.

#### 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

**Storage** Store in a cool, dry area. Also store removed from oxidising agents and acids.

**Handling** Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to

avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing

hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Stds**

| Ingredient                           | Reference  | TWA |       | STEL |       |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----|-------|------|-------|
|                                      |            | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm  | mg/m3 |
| Ammonia                              | ASCC (AUS) | 25  | 17    | 35   | 24    |
| Chromium (III) Compounds (as Cr)     | ASCC (AUS) |     | 0.5   |      |       |
| Kaolin (Inspirable dust)             | ASCC (AUS) |     | 10    |      |       |
| Kaolin (Respirable dust)             | ASCC (AUS) |     | 2     |      |       |
| Calcium carbonate                    | ASCC (AUS) |     | 10    |      |       |
| Paraffin wax (fume)                  | ASCC (AUS) |     | 2     |      |       |
| Propane-1,2-diol (particulates only) | ASCC (AUS) |     | 10    |      |       |
| Propane-1,2-diol (total vapour &     | ASCC (AUS) | 150 | 474   |      |       |
| particulates)                        |            |     |       |      |       |
| Silica, Crystalline Quartz           | ASCC (AUS) |     | 0.1   |      |       |
| Wood dust (soft wood)                | ASCC (AUS) |     | 5     |      | 10    |
| Talc (no asbestos fibres)            | ASCC (AUS) |     | 2.5   |      |       |
| Titanium dioxide (a)                 | ASCC (AUS  |     | 10    |      |       |

Biological Limits No biological limit allocated.

**Engineering Controls** 

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Wear leather gloves. Where dust is generated, wear dust-proof goggles, cotton/PVC gloves, a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator, coveralls or protective clothing. Work areas should be cleaned at least twice daily by vaccum or wet methods. If cutting or sanding with potential for dust generation, wear: dust-proof goggles and a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance               | PRESSED BOARDS | Solubility (Water)           | INSOLUBLE               |
|--------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Odour                    | SLIGHT ODOUR   | Specific Gravity             | NOT AVAILABLE           |
| рН                       | NOT AVAILABLE  | % Volatiles                  | NOT AVAILABLE           |
| Vapour Pressure          | NOT AVAILABLE  | Flammability                 | COMBUSTIBLE             |
| Vapour Density           | NOT AVAILABLE  | Flash Point                  | NOT AVAILABLE           |
| Boiling Point            | NOT AVAILABLE  | <b>Upper Explosion Limit</b> | NOT AVAILABLE           |
| Melting Point            | NOT AVAILABLE  | Lower Explosion Limit        | NOT AVAILABLE           |
| Evaporation Rate         | NOT AVAILABLE  |                              |                         |
| Autoignition Temperature | > 200°C        | Density                      | 400 kg/m3 to 1100 kg/m3 |

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical Stability** Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

**Conditions to Avoid** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Material to Avoid Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. nitrates) and acids (eg. hydrochloric acid).

**Hazardous** May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, ammonia, formaldehyde,

**Decomposition Products** hydrocarbons) when heated to

decomposition. May also evolve hydrogen cyanide when heated to decomposition.

**Hazardous Reactions** Polymerization is not expected to occur.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# Health Hazard Summary

Low to moderate toxicity. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. This product is bonded by formaldehyde resin and formaldehyde may be released during machining. Product may also release small quantities (<0.01%) of formaldehyde in gaseous form that may dissipate over time.

Adverse health effects associated with over exposure formaldehyde are not anticipated due to the product form and its low concentration. Formaldehyde is a respiratory and skin sensitiser, and is classified as a confirmed human carcinogen (IARC Group 1). Wood dust is also classified as a confirmed human carcinogen (IARC Group 1).

**Eye** Due to product form and nature of use, the potential for exposure is reduced. Product may only

present a hazard if dust is generated. Contact may result in mechanical irritation.

**Inhalation** Exposure considered unlikely. An inhalation hazard is not anticipated unless cut, drilled or

sanded with dust generation, which may result in irritation of the nose and throat. If heated, over exposure to fumes may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with nausea and headache. Formaldehyde is classified as a confirmed human carcinogen (IARC Group 1) and

respiratory sensitiser.

**Skin** Low irritant. Prolonged or repeated exposure to dust may result in mild irritation. May cause

sensitisation by skin contact.

**Ingestion** Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form.

**Toxicity Data** PARAFFIN WAX (8002-74-2)

TDLo (Subcutaneous): 120 mg/kg (rat)

2-OCTYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE (26530-20-1)

LD50 (Ingestion): 550 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (Skin): 690 mg/kg (rabbit)

AMMONIA (7664-41-7)

LC50 (Inhalation): 2000 ppm/4 hours (rat) LCLo (Inhalation): 5000 ppm/5 minutes (human)

LD50 (Ingestion): 350 mg/kg (rat) TCLo (Inhalation): 20 ppm (human) TDLo (Ingestion): 0.015 mL/kg (man) TDLo (Skin): 1000 mg/kg (human)

SILICA, CRYSTALLINE - QUARTZ (14808-60-7) LCLo (Inhalation): 300 ug/m3/10 years (human)

LDLo (Intratracheal): 200 mg/kg (rat) LDLo (Intravenous): 20 mg/kg (dog)

TCLo (Inhalation): 16 000 000 particles/ft3/8 hours/17.9 years (human-fibrosis)

TALC (14807-96-6)

TCLo (Inhalation): 18 mg/m3/6 hour/2 year-intermittent (rat) PROPYLENE GLYCOL (PROPANE-1,2-DIOL) (57-55-6)

LD50 (Ingestion): > 2080 mg/kg (quail) LD50 (Intraperitoneal): 6660 mg/kg LD50 (Intravenous): 2600 mg/kg (dog) LD50 (Skin): 20800 mg/kg (rabbit)

LD50 (Subcutaneous): 17370 mg/kg (mouse) LDLo (Intramuscular): 6300 mg/kg (rabbit) LDLo (Subcutaneous): 15500 mg/kg (guinea pig)

TDLo (Ingestion): 79 g/kg/56 weeks intermittently (child)

TITANIUM DIOXIDE (13463-67-7)

TCLo (Inhalation): 250 mg/m3/6 hours (rat) CHROMIUM (III) OXIDE (1308-38-9)

Health Surveillance: Required [NOHSC:1005(1994)]

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environment** Limited ecotoxicity data was available for this product at the time this report was

prepared. Ensure appropriate

measures are taken to prevent this product from entering the environment.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Disposal** Reuse where possible. Not regulated as a hazardous waste by Australian

environmental authorities. Off-cuts and general waste material should be placed in containers and disposed of at approved landfill sites or burnt in an approved furnace or incinerator in accordance with disposal authority guidelines. Do not burn in barbeques, combustion stoves or open fires in the home as irritating gases may

be evolved.

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping None Allocated

Un No. None Allocated DG Class None Allocated Subsidiary Risk (s) None Allocated

Packing Group None Allocated Hazchem Code None Allocated EPG None Allocated

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

AICS All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Additional** The dust generated from this product is hazardous according to the criteria of ASCC.

#### Information

Early fire hazard properties when tested to AS/NZS 1530 Part 3:

Ignitability index: 14 - 16 Spread of flame index: 7 - 8 Heat evolved index: 6 - 10 Smoke developed index: 3 - 4

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

COMBUSTIBLE - EXPLOSIVE CARBONACEOUS DUST: Carbonaceous/organic dusts have the potential, with dispersion, to present an explosion hazard if an ignition source exists. All equipment used to handle, transfer or store this product MUST BE cleaned thoroughly prior to cutting, welding, drilling or exposure to any other form of heat or ignition sources. If bulk stored, containers should be ventilated on a routine basis to avoid vapour accumulation (where applicable, eg for flocculants).

#### ABBREVIATIONS:

ADB - Air-Dry Basis.

BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s)

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

CNS - Central Nervous System.

EINECS - European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

M - moles per litre, a unit of concentration.

mg/m3 - Milligrams per cubic metre.

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.

NTP - National Toxicology Program.

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). ppm - Parts Per Million.

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

TWA/ES - Time Weighted Average or Exposure Standard.

#### **HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:**

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Chem Alert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this Chem Alert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made

#### **Report Status**

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet ('MSDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this MSDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this MSDS.

## **Prepared By**

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711

Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au

MSDS Date: 26 Aug 2009

**End of Report** 

RMT

Reviewed: 26 Aug 2009 Printed: 26 Aug 2009